Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
First name(s)		0



GCSE

3300U60-1



WEDNESDAY, 13 NOVEMBER 2019 - MORNING

MATHEMATICS UNIT 2: CALCULATOR-ALLOWED HIGHER TIER

1 hour 45 minutes

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

A calculator will be required for this examination.

A ruler, a protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.

If you run out of space, use the additional page at the back of the booklet. Question numbers must be given for all work written on the additional page.

Take π as 3·14 or use the π button on your calculator.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

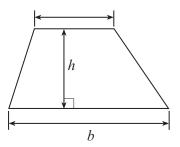
In question **2**(*b*), the assessment will take into account the quality of your linguistic and mathematical organisation, communication and accuracy in writing.

For Ex	aminer's us	se only
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	4	
2b.	7	
3.	6	
4.	3	
5.	3	
6.	4	
7a.	3	
8.	1	
9.	6	
10.	3	
11.	9	
12.	3	
13.	3	
14.	5	
15.	5	
16.	3	
17.	7	
Total	75	

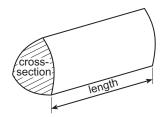


Formula List - Higher Tier

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$



Volume of prism = area of cross-section × length



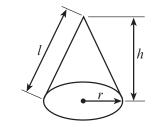
Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$



Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = $\pi r l$

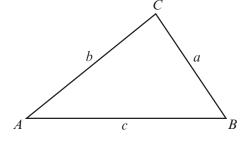


In any triangle ABC

Sine rule
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$



The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a \ne 0$ are given by $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

 $x^3 - 3x = 37$

Use the method of trial and improvement to find this solution correct to 1 decimal place.

A solution of the equation

lies between 3 and 4.

You must show all your working.	[4]



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2	(a)	Α	biased	coin	is	thrown	100	times
4 .	(4)	$\overline{}$	Diascu	COILL	13	LIIIOVVII	100	unico.

The number of heads thrown is recorded after 20 throws, 40 throws, 60 throws, 80 throws and 100 throws.

Some of the results are recorded in the relative frequency table below.

Complete the table.

Number of throws	20	40	60	80	
Number of heads	11	18	24	30	
Relative frequency	0.55	0.45		0.375	0.37

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04

5	7	8	11	14	17	17	19	26	28
	e sum of the numbers						able shov	wn below	<i>I</i> .
	Number	-	0 - 9		10 - 1	9	20 - 2	9	
	Frequenc	у	3		5		2		
nu Ca	onsider the mbers. Ilculate the u must sho	differe	nce betw	een the			e and th	e actual	[5 + 2



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3300U601 05 **3.** The table below shows some of the values of $y = x^2 - 2x - 4$ for values of x from -3 to 4.

X	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
$y = x^2 - 2x - 4$	11	4	-1	-4		-4	-1	4

(a) Complete the table by finding the value of y when x = 1. [1]

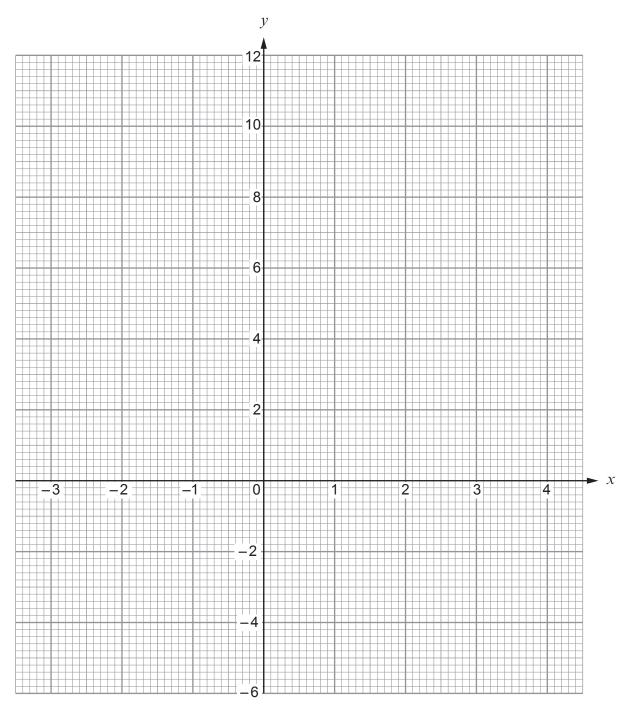
(b) On the graph paper opposite, draw the graph of $y = x^2 - 2x - 4$ for values of x from -3 to 4.

(c) (i) Draw the line y + x = 4 on the graph paper. [2]

(ii) Write down the values of x where the line y + x = 4 cuts the curve $y = x^2 - 2x - 4$. [1]

Values of x are and







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Calculate the	e length of the side <i>MN</i> in the triangle <i>LMN</i> shown below.	
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	5x + 3y = 11 2x - 7y = 29	
You must show all your w	•	



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7. A solid object is made by drilling a cylindrical hole of radius 4 cm through a cuboid measuring 20 cm by 15 cm by 10 cm as shown below.

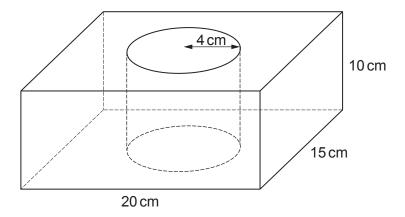


Diagram not drawn to scale

(a)	Calculate the volume of the object. Give your answer in cm ³ .	[3]
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Volume = cm³



The equation of a straight line is y = 8x - 5. What is the gradient of the line?

Circle the correct answer.

[1]

<u>1</u>8

-5

8

5

1

Area = 84cm^2 A 24 cm Diagram not drawn to scale	
Diagram not drawn to scale	
Calculate the perimeter of the triangle <i>ABC</i> . You must show all your working.	[6]



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. Simplify, and then fac	etorise, the following expression.	[3]
	$k(9k-1) + k - 25n^2$	



11. (a) The area of the trapezium ABCD is $25 \, \text{cm}^2$.

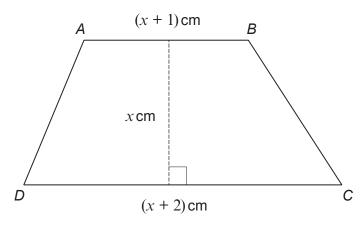


Diagram not drawn to scale

(i) Show that $2x^2 + 3x - 50 = 0$. [3]

(ii) Solve the equation $2x^2 + 3x - 50 = 0$ to calculate the lengths *AB* and *DC*. Give your answers correct to 1 decimal place. [4]

Length of AB = ____ cm

(b)	A rhombus has an area of 36·8 cm ² . The rhombus is enlarged by a scale factor of 7. Calculate the area of the enlarged rhombus.	[2]



12.	The diagram shows a sector of a circle with centre O and radius 7 cm.
	Calculate the perimeter of the sector <i>OAB</i> .

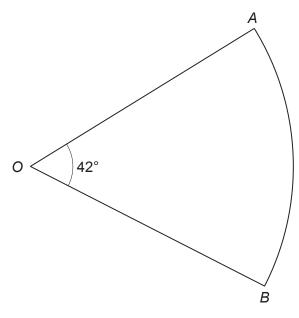


Diagram not drawn to scale



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Examiner only **13.** Describe fully a **single** transformation that transforms shape A onto shape B. [3] 9. 8 6. В 5 4 Α 3-2-



only

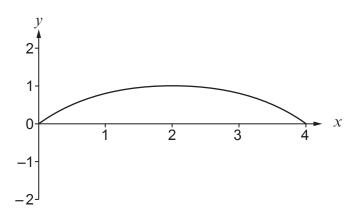


15.	Make <i>a</i> the subject of the following formula. [5]	Examiner only
	$\frac{2a^2 - b}{a^2b} = 1$	



Examiner only

16. The following graph represents the curve y = f(x).



There are 9 equations and 4 graphs of different transformations of y = f(x) shown below. Choose the equation which describes each transformation of y = f(x). Write it in the box provided.

One has been completed for you.

[3]

Equations

$$y = f(2x)$$

$$y = f(x - 1)$$

$$y = f(x) - 1$$

$$y = -f(x)$$

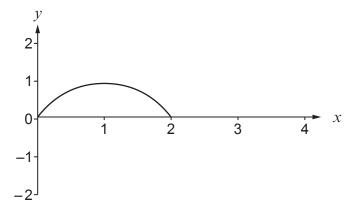
$$y = f(x) + 1$$

$$y = f(-x)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}f(x)$$

$$y = 2f(x)$$

$$y = -2f(x)$$



Equation: y = f(2x)

Examiner only y 2-1-Equation: 0 2 3 1 y 2-1-Equation: 0 2 4 -2y2-1 Equation: 0. 2 3



Examiner only

17. Triangle *DEC* lies within a square *ABCD*, as shown below. *DE* = 8 cm and *EC* = 9 cm.

 $\widehat{DEC} = 75^{\circ}$.

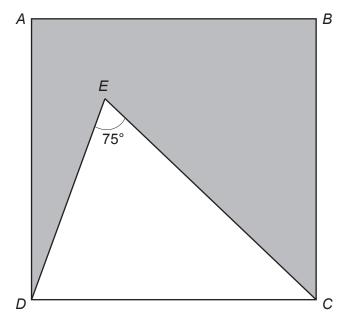


Diagram not drawn to scale

Calculate the area of the shaded region.	[7]
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Question	Additional page, if required. Write the question number(s) in the left-hand margin.	Examin
number	Write the question number(s) in the left-hand margin.	only
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