Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		0



GCSE - NEW

3300U60-1



# **MATHEMATICS**

UNIT 2: CALCULATOR-ALLOWED HIGHER TIER

TUESDAY, 20 JUNE 2017 – AFTERNOON

1 hour 45 minutes

#### **ADDITIONAL MATERIALS**

A calculator will be required for this paper.

A ruler, a protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided.

If you run out of space, use the continuation page(s) at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

Take  $\pi$  as 3·14 or use the  $\pi$  button on your calculator.

### **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

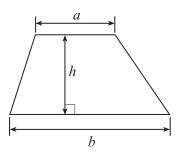
In question 11, the assessment will take into account the quality of your linguistic and mathematical organisation, communication and accuracy in writing.



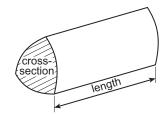
For Examiner's use only		
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	4	
2.	5	
3.	4	
4.	3	
5.	Not tested S	Summer 21
6.	3	
7.	5	
8.	5	
9.	2	
10.	Not tested	Summer 21
11.	7	
12.	5	
13.	5	
14.	3	
15.	3	
16.	5	
17.	1	
18.	5	
19.	2	
20.	4	
21.	4	
Total	75	

## Formula List - Higher Tier

Area of trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$ 



Volume of prism = area of cross-section × length

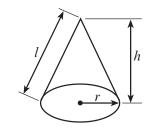


Volume of sphere =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ Surface area of sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ 



Volume of cone =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ 

Curved surface area of cone =  $\pi r l$ 

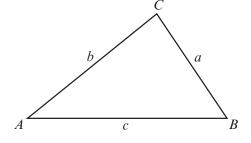


In any triangle ABC

Sine rule 
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

**Cosine rule**  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$ 

Area of triangle =  $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$ 



# The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  where  $a \ne 0$  are given by  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$ 

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

1.	(a)	Calculate $\sqrt{8.5^3 + (4.5 - 0.76)^2}$ , correct to 3 significant figures.	[2]
	(b)	Calculate the reciprocal of −0·07, correct to 1 decimal place.	[2]
			•••••

2. Show that the triangle below is **not** a right-angled triangle.

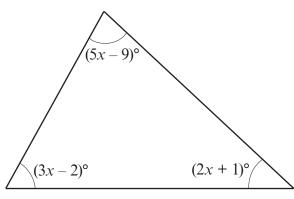


Diagram not drawn to scale




[5]

A solution to the equation
$x^3 - 2x - 45 = 0$
lies between 3 and 4.
Use the method of trial and improvement to find this solution correct to 1 decimal place. You must show all your working. [4]



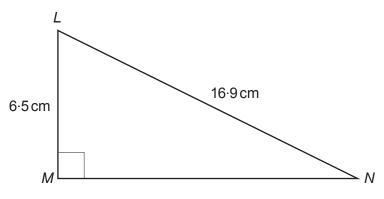


Diagram not drawn to scale

Calculate the length MN.	[3]
	•••••

Examiner only Construct an accurate drawing of triangle ABC, where AB = 7 cm,  $\angle ABC$  = 90° and  $\angle BAC$  = 60°. 5. Use only a ruler and a pair of compasses. The side AB has been drawn for you. You must show your construction arcs. [3] Not being tested in Summer 2021  $\dashv$  $\dashv$  $\dashv$ В



[3]

Calculate the length of the side *QR* in the triangle *PQR* shown below.

Diagram not drawn to scale

18 cm

Q




6.

ĕ Ċ

[3]

7. 100 boxes each contain 10 balls.

45 of the boxes are labelled A.

They each contain 7 black balls and 3 white balls.

25 of the boxes are labelled B.

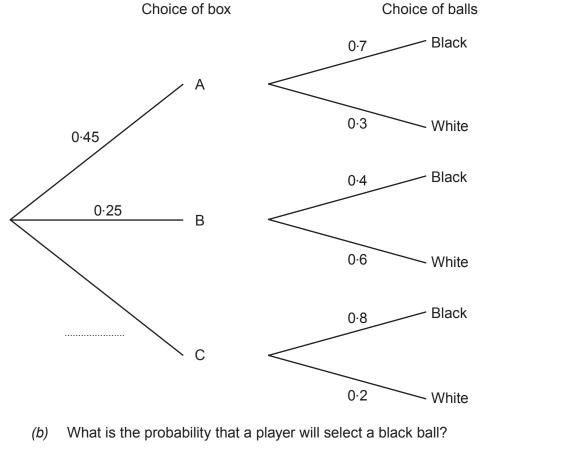
They each contain 4 black balls and 6 white balls.

The rest of the boxes are labelled C.

They each contain 8 black balls and 2 white balls.

In a game, a player chooses a box at random, and then chooses a ball at random from that box.

(a) Complete the tree diagram shown below. [1]






If a large number of people played the game, approximately what fraction of them would (c) you expect to choose a white ball? Circle your answer.

[1]

<u>1</u>

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

Factorise  $x^3 - 5x$ . 8. [1]

Expand and simplify (2x-3)(x+4). [2]

Factorise  $x^2 - 3x - 28$ . (c) [2]

Examiner only

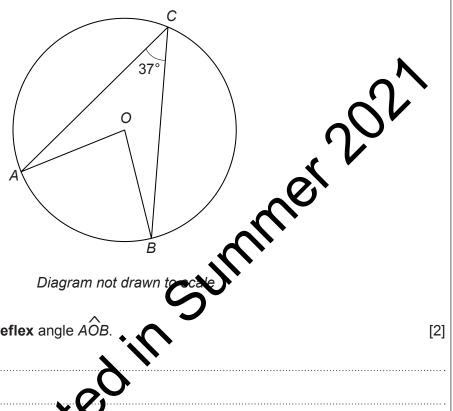
(a) Circle the equation of a straight line that is parallel to the line 3y = 2x + 6. [1]

3y = 2x + 7

2y = 3x + 6 3y = -2x + 6 -3y = 2x + 6 2y = -3x + 6

Circle the equation of a straight line that is perpendicular to the line y = 5x - 3.

 $y = \frac{x}{5} + 3$  y = 5x + 3  $y = 5x + \frac{1}{3}$  y = -5x + 3  $y = \frac{-x}{5} + 3$ 



Calculate the size of the <b>reflex</b> angle AOB.	[2
· ~ O	

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Examiner only

**11.** In this question, you will be assessed on the quality of your organisation, communication and accuracy in writing.

The area of triangle ABD, shown in the diagram below, is  $35 \, \text{cm}^2$ .  $AD = 5 \, \text{cm}$  and  $BC = 32 \, \text{cm}$ .

D is on the line AC, and BD is perpendicular to AC.

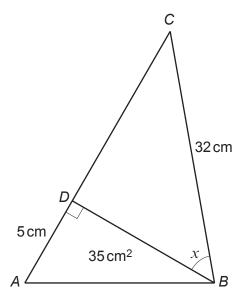


Diagram not drawn to scale

Calculate the size of angle $x$ . You must show all your working.	[5 + 2 OCW]



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[5]	Examiner only
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······································	

$c - 5 = \frac{3c - 7}{d}$	
a	

only

Examiner 13. 46° 5.3 cm 6.4 cm Diagram not drawn to scale By first calculating the size of  $\widehat{BAC}$ , calculate the area of triangle  $\widehat{ABC}$ . You must show all your working. [5]





**15.** Describe fully a **single** transformation that transforms shape A onto shape B. [3] 10 9 8 7-6-Α 5-4-В 3 2-1-



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16.	The table below	shows t	the	three-day	rain	forecast	for	Monday,	Tuesday	and	Wednesday	/ in
	Eglwyswrw.											

Day	Probability of rain
Monday	80%
Tuesday	80%
Wednesday	80%

FOR I	nese three days,	
(a)	calculate the probability that it will rain on all three days.	[2]
•••••		
		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
•••••		
(b)	calculate the probability that it will rain on exactly 2 consecutive days.	[3]
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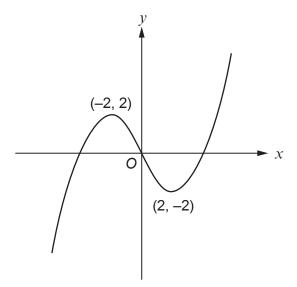
17.	Circle the express	sion that is equiva	alent to $w^{-\frac{3}{5}}$ .			[1]
	$-\left(\sqrt[3]{w}\right)^5$	$-\frac{3}{5}w$	$-\left(\sqrt[5]{w}\right)^3$	$\frac{1}{\left(\sqrt[5]{w}\right)^3}$	$\frac{1}{\left(\sqrt[3]{w}\right)^5}$	
18.	Solve the equation		cimal places.			[5]



	Number =	Square of the number =	
(b)		onal numbers to make the answer to the calculation by filling in the three boxes.	on below rational. [1]
		× =	

**20.** A sketch of the graph y = f(x) is shown below. Two specific points are shown on the graph. They are called a maximum point and a minimum

The maximum point shown is (-2, 2) and the minimum point shown is (2, -2).



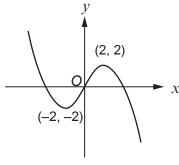
The graphs on the opposite page are transformations of y = f(x). Draw a line connecting each graph to the equation describing the transformation.

One has been done for you.

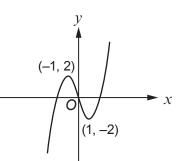
[4]



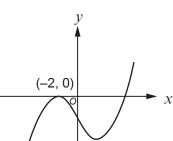
Examiner only



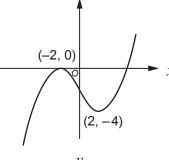
$$y = f(x) - 2$$



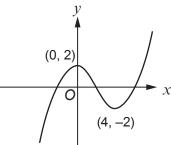
$$y = f(x+2)$$



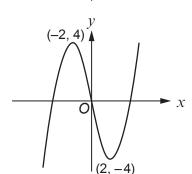








$$\mathbf{v} = f(2x)$$



$$y = f(x) + 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2} f(x)$$

$$y = f(x - 2)$$

Examiner only

**21.** The cube below has an internal diagonal of length 20 cm. Each edge of the cube is of length x cm.

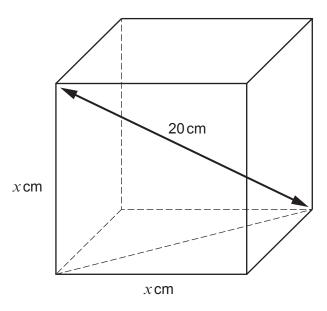


Diagram not drawn to scale

Calculate the value of <i>x</i> .  You must use an algebraic method and show all your working.  [4]	4] 



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